

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 12 and 14 through 24 without prejudice to or disclaimer of the subject matter recited therein.

Please amend Claims 1, 2, 5, 6, and 13 and add Claims 26 through 30 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A 3D image reproduction data generator that generates 3D image reproduction data for a 3D display apparatus that forms intersections of a plurality of rays in the air to generate a 3D image of an object, image reproducer that directs a plurality of rays at an observer's one eye to form a 3D image at intersections of the rays,

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wherein said data generator generates 3D image reproduction data for reproduction of said 3D image using a plurality of parallax images.

2. (Currently Amended) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 1, wherein said plurality of parallax images are images acquired at a plurality of viewing points of an imaging system, and their pixel count and alignment match the number and alignment of ray sources.

3. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 2, wherein when obtaining said plurality of parallax images, only an effective area for generating said 3D image reproduction data is clipped by trimming.

4. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 3, wherein after said trimming, the trimmed image is further shrunk or stretched.

5. (Currently Amended) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 2, wherein when obtaining said plurality of parallax images, to limit an effective area for generating 3D image reproduction data, an area board which indicator board that indicates said effective area is imaged shot together with the object.

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6. (Currently Amended) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 5, wherein said area indicator board is set up virtually in a virtual space constructed on a computer and is not taken into the parallax image data acquired.

7. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 2, wherein when obtaining said plurality of parallax images, the locations of the viewing points move in the imaging system such that the optical axis of the imaging system will move in parallel.

8. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 5, wherein when obtaining said plurality of parallax images, the locations of the viewing points move in the imaging system such that the optical axis of the imaging system will always pass through the center of said effective area.

9. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 1, wherein said 3D image reproduction data is a group of rays emitted from the ray sources and sampled on a plane that is located near the observer and intersects with the group of rays, said data having pixel count and alignment that match the number of viewing points and alignment of said ray sources needed to obtain said parallax images.

10. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 9, wherein said 3D image reproduction data is generated from said plurality of parallax images, with pixels from the same location in each of the parallax images arranged according to the alignment of the parallax images.

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11. (Original) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 1, wherein said 3D image reproduction data is represented as parallax image arrays  $Q(i, j)$  of  $w_2$  pixels wide  $\times h_2$  pixels high parallax images,  $w_2$  and  $h_2$  coincide with the horizontal resolution and vertical resolution, respectively, of the viewing points for obtaining said parallax image data, and  $(i, j)$  corresponds to the locations of the ray sources capable of generating said 3D image reproduction data,

    said parallax image data is represented as image arrays  $P(x, y)$  of  $w_1$  wide  $\times h_1$  pixels high image,  $w_1$  and  $h_1$  coincide with the horizontal resolution and vertical resolution, respectively, of said sources, and  $(x, y)$  corresponds to the locations of the viewing points for obtaining said parallax image, and

any given element image  $Q(m, n)$  of said image arrays  $Q(i, j)$  is formed by mapping the pixel information at the location  $(m, n)$  in said image arrays  $P(x, y)$  for all the values of  $x$  and  $y$  to the pixel information at the location  $(m, n)$  of the image  $Q(m, n)$ .

*12.* (Cancelled)

*13.* (Currently Amended) A 3D image reproduction generating method that generates 3D image reproduction data for a 3D display apparatus image reproducer that forms intersections of a plurality of rays in the air to generate a 3D image of an object, directs a plurality of rays at an observer's one eye to form a 3D image at intersections of the rays,

wherein said generating method generates 3D image reproduction data for reproduction of said 3D image using a plurality of parallax images.

*14 through 24.* (Cancelled)

25. (Original) A computer-readable storage medium that stores program code created in accordance with the method recited in claim 13.

26. (New) The 3D image reproduction data generator according to claim 1, wherein said 3D display apparatus causes an observer to recognize the 3D image of the object by irradiating a plurality of rays through the intersection formed by themselves into the observer's one eye.

27. (New) The 3D image reproduction generating method according to claim 13, wherein said 3D display apparatus causes an observer to recognize the 3D image of the object by irradiating a plurality of rays through the intersection formed by themselves into the observer's one eye.

28. (New) A 3D display apparatus that forms intersections of a plurality of rays in the air to generate a 3D image of an object, comprising:

a display panel with a plurality of light sources for emitting a plurality of rays;

and

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a controller for controlling said display panel to emit rays from the light sources to a direction of viewing points where parallax images are obtained, wherein said controller controls either colors or intensities of rays based on the plurality of parallax images which contain the object image.

29. (New) The apparatus according to claim 27, wherein said controller associates each light source with a coordinate of each pixel on the parallax images according to coordinates of the viewpoints where the parallax images are obtained, and coordinates of the light sources and colors and intensities of rays emitted from the light sources to the viewpoints are based on the colors and brightness of corresponding pixels.

30. (New) A method for controlling a display panel comprising a plurality of light sources for emitting a plurality of rays, said method comprising:

inputting parallax images of an object obtained at viewpoints of an imaging system;

associating coordinates of the light sources with coordinates of pixels in the parallax images according to coordinates of the viewpoints and the coordinates of the light sources;

determining a color and intensity of a ray emitted from each light source to the direction of the viewpoints based on a color and intensity of each corresponding pixel; and

emitting a ray of the determined color and intensity from each light source to the direction of the viewpoints.